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Beam-Plasma Heating Model Code and Commentary

KENT A. GERBER

*Experimental Plasma Physics
Plasma Physics Division*



May 8, 1979



NAVAL RESEARCH LABORATORY
Washington, D.C.

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BEAM-PLASMA HEATING MODEL CODE AND COMMENTARY

INTRODUCTION

This code listing and commentary is intended to supplement the paper, "Beam-Plasma Heating Model," by D. A. Hammer, A. W. Ali and myself.¹ Briefly, the paper describes a one-dimensional ionization and heating model as it applies to results of several electron beam-plasma interaction experiments. Beam energy is deposited resistively in the plasma at a rate ηj^2 , where j is the return current density and η the plasma resistivity, both classical and anomalous, due to ion-acoustic or electron-electron mode turbulence. Principle energy losses include ionization, line radiation, inelastic electron impact excitation, bremsstrahlung and radiative recombination. The level of ionization and plasma heating are computed as a function of neutral gas pressure, beam rise-time, pulse width and current density, and resistivity model. Plasma dynamic and kinetic effects such as expansion and end loss are not explicitly included in the model.

The computational model assumes that the avalanche breakdown process driven by the large electrostatic and inductive electric fields at the beam front has been completed. Previous theoretical studies² have determined that the resultant plasma has a density of the order of 10^{14} cm^{-3} and a temperature of a few eV. Plasma conductivity is then

Note: Manuscript submitted March 5, 1979.

Sufficiently high that neutralization of the beam front inductive electric field drives a backstreaming plasma "return current" within the beam channel.³ When the beam is present, the plasma current density j_p is given by $j_p \approx -j_b$, where j_b is the beam current density. When the beam pulse is over $j_p = 0$.

The remainder of this paper consists of a listing, a definition of terms, and a CSN step commentary of the beam-plasma heating code set forth in Section II of Ref. 1. This report, along with Ref. 1, should be sufficient to allow further application of this heating code to a wide and varied range of beam and plasma parameters and resistivity models.

CODE LISTING

This code calculates the density and temperature in a "return current" heated plasma in the presence of a large initial neutral fraction. Avalanching is assumed completed when the calculation starts (i.e., no electric field is applied). The energy equations (Eqs. (9) and (11), Ref. 1) calculated in subroutine FINI, ENTRY F, include Spitzer and electron neutral resistivities and three-body recombination as heat sources. Loss mechanisms are line radiation and ionization. The density equation (Eq. (10), Ref. 1) also calculated in ENTRY F, includes collisional ionization and two and three-body recombination. Integration of the energy and density equations is carried out by subroutine INT (Boris and Windsor).⁴

MAIN PROGRAM

[illegible]


```

0089 QNEUT=1.0-DENEUT
0090 IF (H01-1.0).GT.0.0) GO TO 50
0091 GO TO 100
0092 CONTINUE
0093 IF (1.0-DENEUT).GT.0.0) GO TO 99
0094 H01=1.0-DENEUT
0095 TH01=H01-1.0+0.09
0096 CALL FINI (CURDEN, DENMAX, TPULSE, BK0, H01)
0097 GO TO 100
0098 H01=1.0-DENEUT
0099 TH01=H01-1.0+0.09
0100 CALL FINI (CURDEN, DENMAX, TPULSE, BK0, H01)
0101 CONTINUE
0102 101 CONTINUE
0103 101 GO TO 1
0104 100 STOP
0105 END

```

SUBROUTINE FINI

```

0001 SUBROUTINE FINI (CURDEN, DENMAX, TPULSE, BK0, H01)
0002 IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
0003 COMMON/CALLS/NTCALL
0004 DSQ=DSQRT(13.6000)
0005 RETURN
0006 ENTH=V(T, Y, 0)
0007 DIMENSION DT(3)
0008 DIMENSION Y(3)
0009 NTCALL=NTCALL+1
0010 IF (TPULSE).GT.0.0) GO TO 32
0011 CRDENT=CURDEN*DEXP(-(T-TPULSE)/1.0-0.8)
0012 GO TO 9
0013 CRDENT=CURDEN*(1.0-DEXP(-(T-TPULSE)/1.0-0.8))
0014 CONTINUE
0015 C1=3.00+22
0016 DENE=Y(2)
0017 DENT=DENE
0018 101 SQNE=DSQRT(0.85*(DENE))
0019 DENEUT=DENMAX-Y(2)
0020 IF (DENE-GE.DENMAX) DENE=DENMAX
0021 IF (DENE-GE.DENMAX) DENEUT=0.00+0.00
0022 TE=Y(1)/(1.5*DENE)
0023 TE=0.85*(TE)
0024 T1=Y(3)/(1.50*DENT)
0025 11 SQTE=DSQRT(0.85*(TE))
0026 SQT=DSQRT(T1)
0027 A=1.00+0.00/TE
0028 S=5.40-0.00/SQTE*DEXP(-A)/(4.880+0.00+1.0+0.0/A)
0029 S=1.850+0.00*DEXP(3.60+0.00/TE)*S
0030 S1=1.60-6.00*DEXP(-10.0/TE)/S*TE
0031 S1=S1/(1.00+4.70-14.0*DENEUT)
0032 TWOB=0.50-0.14*DSQ(SQTE)*(0.43+0.5*DLGG(13.60+0.00/TE)+0.469C+0.00)
0033 THREEB=8.750-2.77*TE**4.9
0034 COULOG=24.00 - DLGG(SQNE/TE)
0035 CLASSR=C1*(COULOG/TE + 0.0140*DENEUT/DENE)/SQTE
0036 CS=4.30+0.00*CSQTE+SQT
0037 IF (1.0-0.09) CRDENT=0.005
0038 VD=0.0+0.21*CRDENT/V(2)
0039 VCRIT=0.80+0.05*SQTE*(1.00+36.00*(SQTE/SQT1)*DEXP(-1.500-0.500*TE
0040 RAT=VD/VCRIT
0041 TE (RAT**1.0-0.30+0.00) RATIO=0.30+0.00
0042 VTH1=9.80+0.05*SQT1
0043 ANOMLH=(1.00+37.00*BK0/DENE)*(1.00/(1.00+(VTH1/VD)**2))
0044 ANOMLH=0.00
0045 STABLJ=7.20-23.00*DENE**1.5*COULOG/TE**1.5
0046 CUTOFF=CRDENT*STABLJ
0047 IF (CUTOFF-LE.0.300) CUTOFF=0.300
0048 ANOMEE=0.
0049 19 ANOMEE=1.0+4.4*CRDENT/(DENE*SQNE)
0050 ANOMEE=ANOMEE*DEXP(-1.7/CUTOFF**3)
0051 VE=4.207*SQTE
0052 ANOMIA=0.
0053 20 ANOMIA=(3.60+10/SQNE)*DEXP(-1.0+0.0/(0.700+RATIO**3))
0054 ANOMWV=0.0+2.7*TE/SQNE*DEXP(-TE/100.0)
0055 ANOMWV=ANOMWV*DEXP(-1.7/CUTOFF**3)
0056 ANOMWV=0.
0057 ANOME=DARS((VD-CS)/VD)*ANOMIA + 0.500*ANOMLH + ANOMEE + ANOMWV
0058 ANOMT=(CS/VD)*ANOMIA + 0.500*ANOMLH
0059 OI=4.500-0.00*COULOG*(TE-11)*DENE**2/(TE*SQTE)
0060 RFMS=3.350-13.00*TE*(2)**2
0061 RESIST=CLASSR+ANOME
0062 DY(1)=RESIST*CRDENT**2-DENEUT*DENE*(13.60+0.00*S1)-BREMS -C1
0063 1 +THREEB*DENE**3*(1.50+0.00*TE+3.0+0.0)-TWOB*DENE**2+1.50+0.00*TE
0064 DY(2)=5.00*DENE*DENEUT-TWOB*DENE**2-THREEB *DENE**3
0065 DY(3)=OI+ANOMT*CRDENT**2
0066 RETURN
0067 END

```


SUBROUTINE INT

```

0001 SUBROUTINE INT (NMAX, X, Y, P, H0)
0002 INTEGER NMAX
0003 DOUBLE PRECISION X, H0, Y
0004 DIMENSION Y(NMAX)
0005 EXTERNAL F, ERROR
0006 DOUBLE PRECISION EPS, M, TRUNC, X0, X1, S, Y0, DABS
0007 INTEGER N, I, CONV, NMAX1
0008 REAL EPSV1
0009 COMMON /ERRCON/ Y0( 6), S( 6), EPS, NMAX1
0010 COMMON /CALLS/ NOCALL
0011 EPS = 1.E-5
0012 NMAX1 = NMAX
0013 X0 = X
0014 H = H0
0015 DO 100 N = 1, NMAX
0016   Y(N) = Y(N)
0017   S(N) = 1
0018   IF (Y(N) .NE. 0.) S(N) = DABS(Y(N))
0019   EPSV1 = EPS
0020   EPS = 1
0021   CALL EXTINT (NMAX, X, Y, P, H, 1, ERROR)
0022   EPS = EPSV1
0023   X1 = X + H0
0024   DO 300 N = 1, NMAX
0025     Y(N) = Y(N)
0026     IF (DABS((Y1-X)/H) .LT. EPS) GO TO 400
0027     IF ((X1-X) * (X1-X-1.4*H) .LT. 0.) H = X1-X
0028     IF ((X1-X-1.4*H) * (X1-X-2.0*H) .LT. 0.) H = (X1-X) / 2.0
0029     CALL EXTINT (NMAX, X, Y, P, H, 6, ERROR)
0030     GO TO 310
0031   400 RETURN
0032 END

```

SUBROUTINE EXTINT

```

0001 SUBROUTINE EXTINT (NMAX, X, Y, P, H0, NMAX, ERROR)
0002 INTEGER NMAX, NMAX1
0003 DOUBLE PRECISION X, H0, Y(NMAX)
0004 LOGICAL FIRST, CONV( 6), PREVIN, FINISH
0005 INTEGER J, K, L, M, N, LMAX, KASIDE, PTS, NN, NMAXP, KNIN
0006 INTEGER M2, M4N, IABS
0007 REAL PLAT
0008 DOUBLE PRECISION X0, U, SUP, YM, BETA, H, DEN, SQRT2, YP, PK
0009 M2 = TWO, FOUR, SIX, DEXP, DSGRT
0010 DOUBLE PRECISION HM(11), S(11), P(11,11), VVAR( 6, 7), YOC( 6),
0011 YNE( 6), YSLC( 6), DY( 6), DYOC( 6), YHOLD(4, 7, 6)
0012 YNE = 1.0
0013 YSLC = 2.0
0014 FOUR = 4.0
0015 SIX = 6.0
0016 NMAXP = NMAX + 1
0017 SQRT2 = DSQRT(TWO)
0018 FINISH = .FALSE.
0019 FIRST = .TRUE.
0020 X0 = X
0021 DO 100 N = 1, NMAX
0022   Y(N) = Y(N)
0023   LMAX = (NMAX + 1)/2 + 1
0024   CALL F (X0, Y0, DY0)
0025   X = X0 + H0
0026   HM(1) = H0/THO
0027   HM(2) = H0/FOUR
0028   HM(3) = H0/SIX
0029   DO 210 N = 1, NMAX
0030     CONV(N) = .FALSE.
0031     DO 600 M = 1, NMAXP
0032       Y = Y(N)
0033       KASIDE = 1
0034       IF ((Y*(4/2) - E7*M) KASIDE = 3
0035       L = (M + 1)/2 + 1
0036       IF (CONV(L)) HM(M) = HM(M-2)/TWO
0037       H = HM(M)
0038       IF (CONV(L) .OR. 4.E-5 .OR. M.GE.NMAX-1) GO TO 420
0039       DO 410 N = 1, NMAX
0040         Y1R(N, HM) = YHOLD(1, M, N)
0041       GO TO 500
0042       DO 420 N = 1, NMAX
0043         Y1(N) = Y(N)
0044         Y1R(N) = Y(N) + H*DY(N)
0045       CALL F (X0+H, YNE, DY)
0046       PTS = H0/H + 0.1
0047       DO 460 N = 2, PTS

```

```

00468      DO 440 N = 1, NMAX
00469      U = Y OLD(N) + TWO*H*DY(N)
00470      Y OLD(N) = Y NEW(N)
00471      Y NEW(N) = U
00472      CALL F(XO + FLOAT(K)*H, Y NEW, DY)
00473      IF ((K.NE.KASTOE).OR.(L.LT.2)) GO TO 460
00474      DO 450 N = 1, NMAX
00475      Y HOLD(L, N, N) = (YNEW(N) + YOLD(N) + H*DY(N))/THO
00476      L = L + 1
00477      KASTOE = 2*KASTOE
00478      CONTINUE
00479      DO 490 N = 1, NMAX
00480      Y NEW(N, NMAX) = (YNEW(N) + YOLD(N) + H*DY(N))/THO
00481      IF (N.GT.0) GO TO 520
00482      DO 510 N = 1, NMAX
00483      Y(N) = YOLD(N+1)
00484      IF (NMAX.EQ.0) GO TO 700
00485      KMIN = 1
00486      IF (N.NE.FIRSTL) GO TO 600
00487      REPA = J.25/(H*H*H)
00488      S(1) = ONE - DEXP(-BETA*H*H*H)
00489      GO TO 500
00490      IF ((J*H)/2.GT. NMAX) KMIN = KMIN + 1
00491      IF (N.NE.FIRSTL) GO TO 550
00492      S(N) = ONE - DEXP(-BETA*H*H*H)
00493      DO 540 K = KMIN, N
00494      PK = (H/HACK(K))*2
00495      DO 530 J = KMIN, K
00496      PR = (J.NE.K) PR = PK * (S(J) - S(N))/(S(J) - S(K))
00497      CONTINUE
00498      DEN = PK
00499      PC(N, NMAX) = DEN
00500      DO 580 N = 1, NMAX
00501      IF (CONV(N)) GO TO 590
00502      YH = Y(N)
00503      SUM = 0.0
00504      DEN = PC(N, NMAX)
00505      IF (N.LT.2) GO TO 570
00506      DO 560 J = KMIN, N
00507      SUM = SUM + (YHAR(N, J) - YH)*PC(N, J)
00508      DY(N) = YH - YH
00509      IF (DEN.NE.0.0) DY(N) = ((YH - YH) - SUM)/DEN
00510      Y(N) = YH + DY(N)
00511      CONTINUE
00512      530 CONTINUE
00513      590 CALL ERROR (N, DY, CONV, FINISH)
00514      IF (FINISH) GO TO 700
00515      600 CONTINUE
00516      HO = H/THO
00517      FIRSTL = .FALSE.
00518      DO 620 N = 1, NMAX
00519      Y BAR(N, 1) = Y HOLD(2, 1, N)
00520      DO 610 L = 1, LMAX
00521      NMAX = NMAX - 2
00522      NMIN = IABS(2*L-1)
00523      IF (NMIN.GT. NMAX) GO TO 620
00524      DO 610 N = NMIN, NMAX
00525      Y HOLD(L, N, N) = Y HOLD(L+2, N+2, N)
00526      CONTINUE
00527      GO TO 700
00528      700 HU = HO * SQRT2 ** (FLOAT(NMAX)*THO/3.0 - FLOAT(N))
00529      RETURN
00530      END

```

SUBROUTINE ERROR

```

00001      SUBROUTINE ERROR (N, DY, CONV, FINISH)
00002      INTEGER N
00003      INTEGER NMAX, NTIMES( 6), NCONV, N
00004      DOUBLE PRECISION Y( 6), EPS, DABS
00005      COMMON /ERRC/ Y( 6), EPS, NMAX
00006      REAL DY(NMAX)
00007      LOGICAL CONV(NMAX), FINISH
00008      IF (N.NE.1) GO TO 1
00009      DY(1) = 1.0
00010      NTIMES(N) = 0
00011      NCONV = 0
00012      1 DO N = 1, NMAX
00013      IF (ABS(DY(N))/S(N).LT.EPS .OR. CONV(N)) GO TO 2
00014      NTIMES(N) = NTIMES(N) + 1
00015      IF (NTIMES(N).EQ. 1) NCONV = NCONV + 1
00016      IF (NTIMES(N).EQ. 2) CONV(N) = .TRUE.
00017      IF (DABS(DY(N)).GT. S(N)) S(N) = DABS(DY(N))
00018      IF (Y(N).E7.0.000 .AND. S(N).E7.0.000) S(N) = -1
00019      2 CONTINUE
00020      IF (NCONV.EQ.NMAX) FINISH = .TRUE.
00021      RETURN
00022      END

```

COMPUTATION PRINT OUT SAMPLE

TIME STEP		INITIAL VALUES ARE		NEWSTEP		TEMPERATURE		MAX J-BEAM		NEUTRAL DENSITY		(KEG)							
0.200000-08		0.112500 16		0.100000 15		0.250000 31		0.150000 02		0.130000 17		0.200000 01							
TENS	OPNSITY	TE	TE	CRONT	RATIO	IONIS	RED	LINE	RAI	CL	TON	AT	RENS	CLAS	RENS	CU	ENRGY	EE	RES
1	0.130	2.4	7	1	0.000	0.1	0.000	0.1	0.000	0.1	0.000	0.1	0.000	0.1	0.000	0.1	0.000	0.1	0.000
2	0.130	12.2	6.4	4.9	4.9	0.140	0.5	0.170	0.2	0.120	0.2	0.180	2.4	0.980	0.2	0.180	0.180	0.1	0.000
3	0.130	14.2	6.1	6.7	3.6	0.280	0.9	0.310	0.2	0.370	0.2	0.330	2.4	0.970	0.2	0.420	0.140	0.1	0.000
4	0.130	12.2	6.7	8.2	2.7	0.380	0.9	0.510	0.2	0.110	0.3	0.970	3.2	0.220	0.3	0.730	0.170	0.1	0.000
10	0.140	2.4	6.4	4.9	2.4	0.430	0.9	0.720	0.2	0.730	0.3	0.730	2.3	0.160	0.3	0.840	0.150	0.1	0.000
12	0.140	8.9	6.2	10.4	1.7	0.440	0.9	0.720	0.2	0.410	0.3	0.620	2.3	0.110	0.3	0.840	0.150	0.1	0.000
14	0.140	11.2	6.4	10.4	1.7	0.440	0.9	0.720	0.2	0.410	0.3	0.620	2.3	0.110	0.3	0.840	0.150	0.1	0.000
16	0.140	13.6	7.3	4.1	11.9	1.4	0.400	0.5	0.170	0.3	0.870	0.3	0.740	0.3	0.700	0.2	0.120	0.1	0.000
18	0.140	6.9	4.1	12.5	1.3	0.380	0.5	0.170	0.3	0.100	0.4	0.740	0.3	0.670	0.2	0.130	0.2	0.100	0.000
20	0.140	6.6	4.0	12.9	1.2	0.360	0.5	0.140	0.3	0.120	0.4	0.710	0.3	0.530	0.2	0.140	0.2	0.100	0.000
22	0.140	6.4	4.0	13.4	1.1	0.330	0.5	0.150	0.3	0.150	0.4	0.700	0.3	0.480	0.2	0.150	0.2	0.100	0.000
24	0.140	6.2	4.0	13.6	1.0	0.310	0.5	0.170	0.3	0.170	0.4	0.690	0.3	0.440	0.2	0.160	0.2	0.100	0.000
26	0.140	6.1	4.0	13.8	0.9	0.290	0.5	0.180	0.3	0.180	0.4	0.680	0.3	0.400	0.2	0.170	0.2	0.100	0.000
28	0.140	6.0	4.0	14.0	0.9	0.270	0.5	0.190	0.3	0.210	0.4	0.670	0.3	0.360	0.2	0.180	0.2	0.100	0.000
30	0.140	6.0	4.0	14.2	0.9	0.250	0.5	0.210	0.3	0.230	0.4	0.660	0.3	0.320	0.2	0.190	0.2	0.100	0.000
32	0.140	6.0	4.0	14.3	0.9	0.230	0.5	0.230	0.3	0.260	0.4	0.650	0.3	0.280	0.2	0.200	0.2	0.100	0.000
34	0.140	6.0	4.0	14.5	0.8	0.210	0.5	0.250	0.3	0.280	0.4	0.640	0.3	0.240	0.2	0.210	0.2	0.100	0.000
36	0.140	6.0	4.0	14.6	0.8	0.190	0.5	0.270	0.3	0.310	0.4	0.630	0.3	0.200	0.2	0.220	0.2	0.100	0.000
38	0.140	6.0	4.0	14.7	0.8	0.170	0.5	0.290	0.3	0.330	0.4	0.620	0.3	0.160	0.2	0.230	0.2	0.100	0.000
40	0.140	6.0	4.0	14.8	0.8	0.150	0.5	0.310	0.3	0.350	0.4	0.610	0.3	0.120	0.2	0.240	0.2	0.100	0.000
42	0.140	6.0	4.0	14.9	0.8	0.130	0.5	0.330	0.3	0.370	0.4	0.600	0.3	0.080	0.2	0.250	0.2	0.100	0.000
44	0.140	6.0	4.0	15.0	0.8	0.110	0.5	0.350	0.3	0.390	0.4	0.590	0.3	0.040	0.2	0.260	0.2	0.100	0.000
46	0.140	6.0	4.0	15.1	0.8	0.090	0.5	0.370	0.3	0.410	0.4	0.580	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.270	0.2	0.100	0.000
48	0.140	6.0	4.0	15.2	0.8	0.070	0.5	0.390	0.3	0.430	0.4	0.570	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.280	0.2	0.100	0.000
50	0.140	6.0	4.0	15.3	0.8	0.050	0.5	0.410	0.3	0.450	0.4	0.560	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.290	0.2	0.100	0.000
52	0.140	6.0	4.0	15.4	0.8	0.030	0.5	0.430	0.3	0.470	0.4	0.550	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.300	0.2	0.100	0.000
54	0.140	6.0	4.0	15.5	0.8	0.010	0.5	0.450	0.3	0.490	0.4	0.540	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.310	0.2	0.100	0.000
56	0.140	6.0	4.0	15.6	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.470	0.3	0.510	0.4	0.530	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.320	0.2	0.100	0.000
58	0.140	6.0	4.0	15.7	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.490	0.3	0.530	0.4	0.520	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.330	0.2	0.100	0.000
60	0.140	6.0	4.0	15.8	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.510	0.3	0.550	0.4	0.510	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.340	0.2	0.100	0.000
62	0.140	6.0	4.0	15.9	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.530	0.3	0.570	0.4	0.500	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.350	0.2	0.100	0.000
64	0.140	6.0	4.0	16.0	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.550	0.3	0.590	0.4	0.490	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.360	0.2	0.100	0.000
66	0.140	6.0	4.0	16.1	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.570	0.3	0.610	0.4	0.480	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.370	0.2	0.100	0.000
68	0.140	6.0	4.0	16.2	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.590	0.3	0.630	0.4	0.470	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.380	0.2	0.100	0.000
70	0.140	6.0	4.0	16.3	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.610	0.3	0.650	0.4	0.460	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.390	0.2	0.100	0.000
72	0.140	6.0	4.0	16.4	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.630	0.3	0.670	0.4	0.450	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.400	0.2	0.100	0.000
74	0.140	6.0	4.0	16.5	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.650	0.3	0.690	0.4	0.440	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.410	0.2	0.100	0.000
76	0.140	6.0	4.0	16.6	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.670	0.3	0.710	0.4	0.430	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.420	0.2	0.100	0.000
78	0.140	6.0	4.0	16.7	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.690	0.3	0.730	0.4	0.420	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.430	0.2	0.100	0.000
80	0.140	6.0	4.0	16.8	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.710	0.3	0.750	0.4	0.410	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.440	0.2	0.100	0.000
82	0.140	6.0	4.0	16.9	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.730	0.3	0.770	0.4	0.400	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.450	0.2	0.100	0.000
84	0.140	6.0	4.0	17.0	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.750	0.3	0.790	0.4	0.390	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.460	0.2	0.100	0.000
86	0.140	6.0	4.0	17.1	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.770	0.3	0.810	0.4	0.380	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.470	0.2	0.100	0.000
88	0.140	6.0	4.0	17.2	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.790	0.3	0.830	0.4	0.370	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.480	0.2	0.100	0.000
90	0.140	6.0	4.0	17.3	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.810	0.3	0.850	0.4	0.360	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.490	0.2	0.100	0.000
92	0.140	6.0	4.0	17.4	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.830	0.3	0.870	0.4	0.350	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.500	0.2	0.100	0.000
94	0.140	6.0	4.0	17.5	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.850	0.3	0.890	0.4	0.340	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.510	0.2	0.100	0.000
96	0.140	6.0	4.0	17.6	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.870	0.3	0.910	0.4	0.330	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.520	0.2	0.100	0.000
98	0.140	6.0	4.0	17.7	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.890	0.3	0.930	0.4	0.320	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.530	0.2	0.100	0.000
100	0.140	6.0	4.0	17.8	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.910	0.3	0.950	0.4	0.310	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.540	0.2	0.100	0.000
102	0.140	6.0	4.0	17.9	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.930	0.3	0.970	0.4	0.300	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.550	0.2	0.100	0.000
104	0.140	6.0	4.0	18.0	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.950	0.3	0.990	0.4	0.290	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.560	0.2	0.100	0.000
106	0.140	6.0	4.0	18.1	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.970	0.3	1.010	0.4	0.280	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.570	0.2	0.100	0.000
108	0.140	6.0	4.0	18.2	0.8	0.000	0.5	0.990	0.3	1.030	0.4	0.270	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.580	0.2	0.100	0.000
110	0.140	6.0	4.0	18.3	0.8	0.000	0.5	1.010	0.3	1.050	0.4	0.260	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.590	0.2	0.100	0.000
112	0.140	6.0	4.0	18.4	0.8	0.000	0.5	1.030	0.3	1.070	0.4	0.250	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.600	0.2	0.100	0.000
114	0.140	6.0	4.0	18.5	0.8	0.000	0.5	1.050	0.3	1.090	0.4	0.240	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.610	0.2	0.100	0.000
116	0.140	6.0	4.0	18.6	0.8	0.000	0.5	1.070	0.3	1.110	0.4	0.230	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.620	0.2	0.100	0.000
118	0.140	6.0	4.0	18.7	0.8	0.000	0.5	1.090	0.3	1.130	0.4	0.220	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.630	0.2	0.100	0.000
120	0.140	6.0	4.0	18.8	0.8	0.000	0.5	1.110	0.3	1.150	0.4	0.210	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.640	0.2	0.100	0.000
122	0.140	6.0	4.0	18.9	0.8	0.000	0.5	1.130	0.3	1.170	0.4	0.200	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.650	0.2	0.100	0.000
124	0.140	6.0	4.0	19.0	0.8	0.000	0.5	1.150	0.3	1.190	0.4	0.190	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.660	0.2	0.100	0.000
126	0.140	6.0	4.0	19.1	0.8	0.000	0.5	1.170	0.3	1.210	0.4	0.180	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.670	0.2	0.100	0.000
128	0.140	6.0	4.0	19.2	0.8	0.000	0.5	1.190	0.3	1.230	0.4	0.170	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.680	0.2	0.100	0.000
130	0.140	6.0	4.0	19.3	0.8	0.000	0.5	1.210	0.3	1.250	0.4	0.160	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.690	0.2	0.100	0.000
132	0.140	6.0	4.0	19.4	0.8	0.000	0.5	1.230	0.3	1.270	0.4	0.150	0.3	0.000	0.2	0.700	0.2	0.100	0.000
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DEFINITION OF TERMS

ANOME	Electron portion of resistivity as expressed in Eq. (12a), Section II, of Ref. 1.
ANOMEE	Electron-electron resistivity as expressed in Eq. (4).
ANOMI	Ion portion of resistivity as expressed in Eq. (12b).
ANOMIA	Ion-acoustic resistivity as expressed in Eq. (3).
ANOMLH	Lower hybrid resistivity not specifically given in Ref. 1, but operative in some of the runs.
ANOMWV	Wave resistivity as expressed in Eq. (8).
BKG	Applied, axial, magnetic guide field in kG.
B(KG)	Format designating printout of initial value of magnetic field BKG.
BREMS	P_B in Ref. 1, the plasma power density in $\text{eV/cm}^3 \text{ sec}$ lost to bremsstrahlung.
CLAS RES	Format designating printout of instantaneous classical resistivity value.
CLASSR	Classical resistivity, as expressed in Eqs. (1a), (1b) and (2).
CL ION HT	Format designating printout of power density used for classical ion heating.
COULOG	Coulomb logarithm, $\ln \Lambda$.
CRDENT	Instantaneous beam current density in kA/cm^2 .
CRDNT	Format designating printout of instantaneous beam current density in kA/cm^2 .
CS	Ion sound velocity.
CUM ENERGY	Format designating printout of total accumulated energy density transferred from the beam to the plasma system, in eV/cm^3 .
CURDEN	Asymptotic beam current density in kA/cm^2 .

CUTOFF	Ratio of instantaneous beam current density (CRDENT) and a minimum current density (STABLJ) or j_{\min} as expressed in Eq. (6).
DENE	Instantaneous value of the electron density cm^{-3} .
DENEUT	Instantaneous value of the neutral density cm^{-3} .
DENI	Instantaneous value of the ion density, equal to DENE for a hydrogen plasma.
DENMAX	Neutral hydrogen fill density cm^{-3} . Equal to DENE plus DENEUT.
DENSITY	Format designating printout of initial value of electron density (Y20) in cm^{-3} .
DY(1)	Electron energy equation as expressed in Eq. (9).
DY(2)	Electron (and ion) density equation as expressed in Eq. (10).
DY(3)	Ion energy equation as expressed in Eq. (11).
EDENS	Instantaneous value of electron density times 1×10^{-15} .
EE RES	Format designating printout of electron-electron resistivity.
ENERGY	Total beam energy density in eV/cm^3 deposited resistively in the plasma at a rate ηj^2 .
HO,H01	Calculation time step length.
IAC RES	Format designating printout of ion acoustic resistivity.
IHO1	Time step length times 1×10^9 .
IMAX	The number of time steps printed out.
IONIZ RAD	Format designating printout of beam power density in $\text{eV/cm}^3 \text{ sec}$ used for ionization.
ITIME	Time step length.
JMAX	The number of different current densities to be calculated.

LINE RAD	Format designating printout of the plasma power density in $\text{eV/cm}^3 \text{ sec}$ lost through line radiation.
LWHYB RES	Format designating printout of the lower hybrid resistivity.
MAX J-BEAM	Format designating printout of initial value of the peak beam current density in kA/cm^2 .
NEUTRAL DENSITY	Format designating printout of initial value of the neutral hydrogen fill density cm^{-3} .
QI	The classical collisional electron-ion energy transfer rate.
RADION	Beam power density in $\text{eV/cm}^3 \text{ sec}$ used for ionization.
RADLIN	Plasma power density in $\text{eV/cm}^3 \text{ sec}$ lost through line radiation.
RATIO	Ratio of plasma electron drift velocity VD to the critical velocity VCRIT. RATIO is a measure of whether the ion acoustic instability is expected. Yes, if $\text{RATIO} > 1$.
RESIST	Sum of all the resistivities employed in the model.
S	Ionization rate coefficient as expressed in Eq. (13).
SI	Excitation rate coefficient as expressed in Eq. (14).
STABLJ	Minimum current density, j_{\min} as expressed in Eq. (6).
T,I(NS)	Format designating printout of time in nsec of the calculation.
TEMPERATURE	Format designating printout of initial value of the electron temperature in eV.
TE	Format designating printout of electron temperature in eV.
TEO	Initial electron temperature in eV.

THREEB	Three-body recombination rate coefficient, α_3 as expressed in Eq. (16).
TI	Format designating printout of ion temperature in eV.
TIME STEP	Format designating printout of initial value of time step length (HO) in nsec.
T PULSE	Beam pulse width in nsec.
TWOBOB	Two-body recombination rate coefficient, α_2 as expressed in Eq. (15).
VCRIT	Critical velocity as expressed in Eq. (5). (See RATIO).
VD	Plasma electron drift velocity.
VE	Plasma electron thermal velocity.
VTHI	Ion thermal velocity.
Y(1), 3/2NKT	Defined as $3/2$ the initial electron density (Y20) times the initial electron temperature (TE0), in eV/cm ³ .
Y 20, Y(2)	Initial electron density, cm ⁻³ .

CSN STEP COMMENTARY

The following commentary is intended to point out specific areas of importance in understanding and utilizing this computational program. References are made to CSN numbers listed down the left hand side of the code listing.

A. Main Program:

CSN 0007

Initial data is read in at this statement. The present number of time steps (IMAX) is 100. The total number of beam current densities (JMAX) is presently 6, (2,3,4,6,10 and 15 kA/cm²). The initial electron temperature (TEO) is taken as 2.5 eV, and is determined beforehand. The initial electron density (Y20) is also estimated beforehand, and is usually between 0.1 and 5% of DENMAX, the neutral hydrogen fill density. Present values of Y20 range between $3 \times 10^{13} \text{cm}^{-3}$ and $3 \times 10^{14} \text{cm}^{-3}$. Values of DENMAX range between $6.7 \times 10^{15} \text{cm}^{-3}$ (100mT) and $3.3 \times 10^{16} \text{cm}^{-3}$ (500mT). The calculation time step length (HO) is presently 2×10^{-9} sec. The first 50 steps are taken at 5HO or 10 nsec increments. See CSN 0083 through 0099, especially 0094 and 0098, for setting the time increments. The time of calculation T(NS) is printed out down the left hand side of the computation printout, see CSN 0027 for this format statement. The beam pulse width (TPULSE) is presently set at 70 nsec for our accelerator. The rise and fall times are set in CSN 0032-0036. They are presently 10 nsec. It is also possible to employ a step function beam pulse by specifying just the rise time. In that case, TPULSE is disregarded. The applied, axial, magnetic guide field (BKG) is set at 2 kG.

CSN 0020

The asymptotic beam current densities are read in at this statement. One data card is required for each value of CURDEN.

CSN 0023

This is the format statement for the display of the initial values of the run as they are listed across the top of each section of the computation printout. These include TIME STEP, or HO in nsec, 1.5NKT or Y(1) in eV/cm³, DENSITY, the initial electron density Y20 or Y(2) in cm⁻³, TEMPERATURE, the initial electron temperature TEO in eV, MAX J-BEAM, the initial value of the peak beam current

density CURDEN in kA/cm^2 , NEUTRAL DENSITY, the initial value of the neutral hydrogen fill density DENMAX, in cm^{-3} , and B(KG) the initial value of the magnetic guide field BKG in kG.

CSN 0027

This is the format statement for the headings of the columns of computational results listed in the printout. From left to right we have: T(NS) in nsec, the time from the start of the beam pulse to the time of the calculation, the electron density, DENSITY, in units of 10^{15}cm^{-3} , the electron and ion temperatures, TE and TI, respectively, the instantaneous beam current density, CRDNT, in kA/cm^2 , RATIO, the ratio of plasma electron drift velocity, VD, to the critical velocity, VCRIT, as defined in Eq. (5) of Ref. 1. RATIO is a measure of whether the ion acoustic instability is expected. If RATIO > 1 , the ion acoustic mode is operative. IONIZ RAD is the beam power density in $\text{eV}/\text{cm}^3\text{sec}$ used for ionization. LINE RAD is the plasma power density lost through line radiation. CL ION HT is the power density used for classical ion heating. IAC RES, LWHYB RES, CLAS RES, and EE RES in the last column, are the ion acoustic, lower hybrid, classical and electron-electron resistivities respectively as described in Section II of Ref. 1. They have the units of $(\text{eV}/\text{cm}^3\text{sec})/(\text{kA}/\text{cm}^2)^2$, so that power density is in $\text{eV}/\text{cm}^3\text{sec}$ when current density is in kA/cm^2 . BREMS is the plasma power density, P_B in Ref. 1, lost to bremsstrahlung. CUM ENERGY is the total accumulated energy density transferred from the beam to the plasma system, in eV/cm^3 .

CSN 0028

This statement calls for subroutine FINI which calculates the energy equations given in Eqs. (9) and (11) and the density equation given in Eq. (10) in Ref. 1. The common variables are listed within the parenthesis.

CSN 0032-0036

These statements specify the beam pulse rise (0035) and fall (0033) time, in this case being 10 nsec. To specify a step function pulse, only statement 0035 would be necessary.

CSN 0038-0080

Here begins the calculation of quantities for the printout. All of these quantities are defined in Section III of this paper. Note the

order of CSN 0054 and 0055. Since the computer "remembers" the last statement it reads, it takes ANOMLH as zero in this case; ANOMIA, statements 0059 and 0060, on the other hand, is operative, at least within the range of $RATIO > 1$. In a similar manner, the exponential factor in ANOMEE, statement 0066, and given in Eq. (4), is written in statement 0062 as CUTOFF. The electron-electron resistivity is turned off when the beam current density CRDENT drops below the minimum value required for the electron-electron two stream instability, STABLJ or j_{min} as given in Eq. (6). This same cutoff also limits the wave resistivity, ANOMWV, CSN 0067-0069, although in this run it is set at zero.

CSN 0083-0099

Within these statements are set the time increments for which the computations are performed. The calculation time step length H_0 , is set at 2 nsec initially. The first 50 time steps have 2 nsec increments, the next 50 steps have $5H_0$ or 10 nsec increments, (CSN 0090 and 0094). Additional steps, if more than 100 were called for, would have increments of $25H_0$ or 50 nsec. (CSN 0093 and 0098).

B. Subroutine FINI:

CSN 0032, 0033

TWOBOB and TRHEEB are the two and three-body recombination rate coefficients respectively. These are expressed as α_2 and α_3 in Eqs. (15) and (16) in Ref. 1.

CSN 0057, 0058

ANOME and ANOMI are the electron and ion portions of the resistivity as expressed in Eqs. (12a) and (12b), Ref. 1, respectively.

CSN 0062-0064

The equations calculated in subroutine FINI, ENTRY F, are listed in statements 0062, 0063 and 0064, being the electron energy, electron and ion density, and ion energy equations respectively. These are expressed in Eqs. (9), (10) and (11) in Ref. 1.

C. Subroutines, INT, EXTINT and ERROR:

CSN 0005 (INT)

INT chooses an integration accuracy appropriate to the machine on which it is computing, or 1 part in 10^5 , whichever is greater. Then it involves subroutine EXTINT, as necessary to

integrate the energy and density equations from X to X + HO. A description of the arguments of INT appears at the beginning of EXTINT. COMMON/ERRCOM provides subroutine ERROR with variables it needs.

CSN 0010 (INT) Initialize "S" and the local variables.

CSN 0018 (INT) Determine an appropriate H.

CSN 0022 (INT) Perform the required integration.

D. Computation Print Out:

A sample computation printout section has been reproduced to illustrate the existing format of calculation display. Initial values, as previously defined, are listed across the top of each section, and beneath these are the 15 columns of calculations.

The sample calculation has initial values as follows: time step 2 nsec, initial electron density $3 \times 10^{14} \text{cm}^{-3}$, initial temperature 2.5 eV, maximum beam current density 15 kA/cm², neutral fill density $1 \times 10^{16} \text{cm}^{-3}$ or 150 mT, and applied magnetic field 2 kG. Note that all the resistivities are operative except the electron-electron. Also note how the ion acoustic resistivity is "turned off" at about 75 nsec when RATIO falls below 0.3.

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